

# EAST极向场电源限流控制仿真分析

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**摘要:** 针对 EAST 极向场电源过流保护时不宜直接切断电源的情况, 介绍了一种具有自动限流作用的过流保护策略, 当电源达到限流值前正常运行, 达到限流值时稳定在这一值附近运行。运用 Matlab 和 Saber 对整个限流控制系统进行仿真以及对 PID 控制参数分析, 最终确定了控制方案和 PI 控制参数, 证明了该控制方法的可行性和优越性。

**关键词:** 超导托卡马克聚变实验装置; 极向场电源; 限流控制; PID 参数

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## Current-limiting control in power supply of EAST poloidal field

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**Abstract:** A protection strategy with automatic current-limiting was introduced because the power supply couldn't be cut off directly in the process of over-current protection in EAST poloidal field power supply. This strategy can ensure the ordinary operation of the current when it is lower than the setting current value and maintains the current to the setting current value when it reaches the setting current value. Matlab and Saber were utilized to simulate the entire system and analyze the PID parameters. The control scheme and PI parameters were achieved, which verified the feasibility and superiority of the control strategy.

**Key words:** EAST; poloidal field supply; current-limiting control; PID parameters

EAST 极向场电源控制系统是托卡马克主要子系统之一, 它为等离子体的产生、约束、维持、加热以及等离子体的电流、位置、形状、分布和破裂的控制, 提供必要的工程基础和控制手段, 而过流保护在装置可靠运行过程中更是必不可少的重要组成部分。由于极向场电源是为全超导环境下的大电感负载供电, 直接过流保护故障时会使电源输出电流变化过大, 影响实验等离子体放电的正常进行, 对超导线圈也会产生不良影响, 因此可靠的限流控制措施对 EAST 装置及实验较为重要。

该系统包含 12 套电源, 图 1 中每套电源由两台整流变压器各自连接一对同相逆变联的晶闸管整流桥组成。在实验运行时极向场整流器直流侧电流变化曲线如图 2, 极向场电源过流保护是控制电源直接退出, 导致实验中等离子体放电终止, 影响实验的正常进行; 电流变化率大, 对设备和负载冲击很大; 过大的电流变化也会对超导线圈产生影响。限流控制是使系统先不进入过流保护状态, 而是维持在这一限流值附近运行, 实验能够维持基本等离子体放电运行。

### 1 限流控制参数设计

极向场电源整流装置的主电路采用三相桥式同相逆并联整流电路。变压器的输出为 2 个绕组输出, 每台变压器对应有两台变流器, 对于每一台变流器都设有 alpha 控制器一块, 因

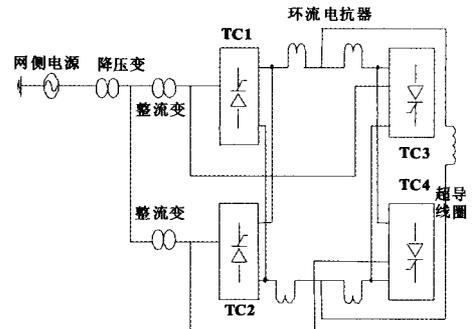


图 1 EAST 极向场电源系统示意图

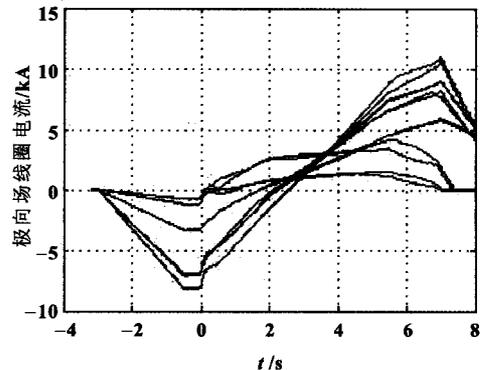


图 2 整流器直流侧电流变化曲线

此, 只需要分析其中一台变流器的控制回路。

首先根据需要建立限流控制系统框图如图 3 所示, 从主回路采集的反馈电流值与设定的限流值进行比较, 进而判断

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### 3 模拟实验

借助信号发生仪测试所设计的限流控制电路板, 用信号发生仪模拟现场 EAST 极向场主回路的电流, 模拟信号给出振幅为 ± 2 V 的信号, 如图 9 中蓝色; 跟预设限值  $U_{\text{限}} = 1 \text{ V}$  比较, 如图 9 中绿线。当过流时, 显然, 电路会动作, 输出被限制在  $U_{\text{限}} = 1 \text{ V}$ , 如图中绿线; 当不过流时, 按照正弦电压值正常输出, 说明电路板设计符合我们最初的目的。

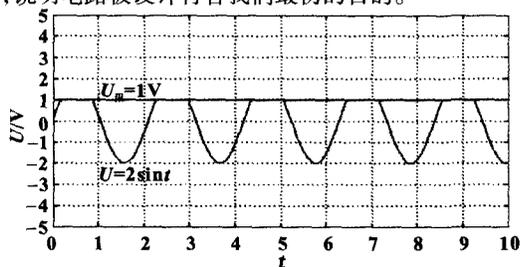


图 9 信号发生仪模拟现场电流实验结果

### 4 总结

通过对 EAST 极向场电源系统限流控制器方案设计,

Matlab 和 Saber 软件仿真及模拟实验, 证明了 EAST 极向场电源系统限流控制器在 EAST 极向场电源系统中对主回路电流限流的可行性, 当限流控制器投入使用时, 且系统在遇到过流时, 不会使整套电源装置全部断开, 对设备进行了有效的保护。从某种程度上说, 等离子体放电过程中也是不希望有突然断电的情况产生, 否则会造成等离子体破裂以及实验失败, 所以提高了实验运行过程中等离子体放电的可靠性<sup>[1-6]</sup>。

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